

## International

## outline

## 1. why cycle?

2. (safety | health)
3. safe system
4. what next

## In a city of many cyclists, why do they ride?

Copenhageners' reasons for cycling to and from work (multiple answers)


for people in a hurry



EInternational
Transport Forum

$12-14 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ (Dublin)
$15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ (Lyon)
$15.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ (Copenhagen)

for people who can't afford to be late


for local shops

Revenue in Copenhagen shops and supermarkets by mode of transport (DKK billion/yr)


Expenditure, Portland (shops, restaurants, bars) by mode of transport (USD person/month)



## 2011

Salt Lake City, USA
S 3rd \& S 300th
40.7628885,-111.8825773


## 2015

## Salt Lake City, USA

S 3rd \& S 300th
40.7628885,-111.8825773



## Road fatalities, changes from 2006-10 to 2011-15




## Modal shares of road fatalities, 2013-2015

$\square$ pedestrian $\quad$ bicycle<br>$\square$ powered-2-wheeler<br>$\square$ other road users



## Relative risk by mode

Relative risk of death/km bicycle vs. car

Risk of fatality per unit distance travelled, 2011-2015

- City - Whole Country



## Risk of fatality per unit distance travelled, 2011-2015

■ City - Whole Country



## Risk of fatality per unit distance travelled, 2011-2015




# Heavy vehicle collisions 

\% fatal bicycle crashes involving truck, bus, coach

33\% Denmark
25\% Belgium
25\% UK
20\% Netherlands
20\% France
12\% Germany

- 11\% Spain

4\% Italy

## Single crashes

Single bicycle crashes e.g. with no crash
opponent are significant and under-reported

Single bicycle crash involvement as \% of all
bicycle crash victims
Flanders/Brussels: 87\%
Belgium: 73\%
Netherlands:
~75\%

## Elderly cyclists



The elderly are especially vulnerable
\% of all bicycle crash deaths 60yrs and older:
Japan: 70\%
Korea: $\quad 65 \%$
Italy: 57\%
Netherlands: 55\%
Denmark: 49\%
France: 45\%
UK: $21 \%$

## Electric bicycles?



After controlling for distance travelled and other potential confounders there is:

- ${ }^{\circ}$ no difference in crash
likelihood and injury severity between EB and CB users
crashes on EBs and CBs to be equally severe



## Junctions and safety


$11 \%$ of time in a junction

## Junctions and safetye of fatal crashes

## $11 \%$ of time in a junction

$$
\begin{array}{ccc}
29 \% & 36 \% & 35 \% \\
\text { EU } & \text { Korea } & \text { USA }
\end{array}
$$

## EU Fatal crashes by hour and month

absolute numbers , 2005-2010, n=12 554

Jan.
Feb.
Mar.
Apr. May. Jun. Jul.
Aug.
Sep.
Oct.
Nov.
Dec.

## EU Fatal crashes by hour and day of the week

 absolute numbers , 2005-2010, n=12 554

for safety health

## Air pollution

Accounting for ventilatory effort, cyclists register 2 to 8 times more pollutant intake than car occupants


## Health



Cycling, as a moderate physical activity can significantly reduce mortality and morbidity due to:

Cardiovascular disease
Type-2 diabetes
Cancer (Colon, breast)
Osteoporosis
Depression
Impact greatest when 1st becoming active on balance, the monetised benefits from improved health are up to
$\square=4-2$
$\pm$
20x
greater than the combined health impacts of crashes and exposure to air pollution



## 15\%

Today's childrens'
cardiovascular fitness compared to 30 years ago

for the economy


Environment \& climate


Health


Economy


Technology + Design


Time + Space

Social Affairs


Mobility


Diversity of cultures

## €513,190,000,000/yr

Economic impact cycling, European Union




more, safer, cycling

# Many authorities cannot adequately assess whether or not policies improve safety 

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { safety } \\
& \text { rash rate) }
\end{aligned}=\frac{\text { crashes (\#) ? }}{\text { exposure (km, trips) ? }}
$$

## (mis)reporting

Police (official) records and hospital records do not


Under-reporting is
significant and widespread,
a) especially for less severe injury crashes.
Austria bicycle injury crashes 2009:
5495 (police)
28200 (hospital)
37000 (total, adjusted)

## Police registered vs. real Cyclist serious injuries Netherlands (3 yr. avg.)

Registered number (Police)


## Police registered vs. real Cyclist serious injuries Netherlands (3 yr. avg.)



## Do we make cyclists safe in the current traffic system?



## III

7 군 or...do we make the traffic system safe for people cycling?


Do policies that increase the number of cyclists lead to more crashes?


## Cycling fatalities and distance cycled by country



## Cycling fatalities vs. distance cycled by city



- Cycling
- Walking

Do policies that increase the number of cyclists lead to more crashes?


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## Safe system

Functionality: Road design matches desired usage Homogeneity: Speed management, Separation

Predictability: Avoid unexpected situations

Forgivingness: Minimise crash outcomes

## Safe system

Functionality: Road design matches desired usage


## Safe system



## Safe system



## Safe system



Homogeneity: Separation: essential to manage crash risks at intersections or high traffic situations.

## Safe system



## Safe system



## Safe system





## Safe system



## Safe system



what next?
mobility in the city

trucks/vans

mobility in the city





convergence


## detected, not connected






the curb: vehicle storage

## the curb: flexible use zone

00h-06h


## the curb: flexible use zone

## the curb: flexible use zone

11h-16h


## the curb: flexible use zone

16h-00h








